Senior Thesis in Mathematics

# Absolutely Fascinating Thesis Title 

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#### Abstract

In this paper we don't really do much. However, there are a lot of real theorems that still need to be proved. That is what you will probably do in your thesis.


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## Chapter 1

## Boring Title for the First Chapter

Let us do some math:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Delta(h)=h_{(1)} \otimes h_{(2)} \\
& \Delta(h)=h_{(1)} \otimes h_{(2)} \\
& \Delta(h)=h_{(1)} \otimes h_{(2)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Here is how you declare a theorem:
Theorem 1.1 A Big Fat Theorem. We assert that the following is true:

$$
\begin{equation*}
x=1, y=1 \Rightarrow x+y=2 \tag{1.1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Let us first consider:
Lemma 1.2 A Small but Important Lemma. If $x=a$, and $y=b$, then $x+y=a+b$.

We can then see that Lemma 1.2 implies Theorem 1.1 by letting $a=1$ and $b=1$ in Equation (1.1). See how we refer to a previously labeled item in the text?

### 1.1 A delightful new section

Some text for the section should go here. And let us look at footnotes. $\mathbb{1}_{4}^{2}$

[^0]
## Theorem 1.3 hmmm

Here is how you call the proof environment:
Proof hmmmm

## Chapter 2

## Cooler Title for the Second Chapter

As we saw in Chapter 1, everything can be made to be complicated. (See, for example, Figure 2.1.) This is usually not a good idea unless you want to lose your audience.

Most importantly, NEVER DIVIDE BY ZERO unless, of course, you are wearing your protective divide-by-zero suit (See [1] for the terrible consequences which might result. And this is how you cite multiple references: [1, 2, 3]. And if you wanted to, you could refer to specific pages: [4, pages 567-569]).

### 2.1 Another fascinating section

Some text needs to go here.

### 2.1.1 And sometimes you will need subsections...

More text goes here.


Figure 2.1: Graphics can really snaz it up!

## Bibliography

[1] Abe, Eiichi; Hopf algebras, Cambridge Tracts in Mathematics, 74, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge-New York, 1980.
[2] Blohmann, Christian; Tang, Xiang; Weinstein, Alan; "Hopfish structures and modules over irrational rotation algebras", e-arXiv preprint, arXiv:math.QA/0604405
[3] Böhm, Gabriella; "An alternative notion of Hopf algebroid", Hopf algebras in noncommutative geometry and physics, Lecture Notes in Pure and Appl. Math. 239, Dekker, New York, 2005, pp.31-53.
[4] Böhm, Gabriella; "Integral theory for Hopf algebroids", Algebr. Represent. Theory 8 (2005), no. 4, pp.563-599.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This is one way to use a footnote.
    ${ }^{2}$ Here is a second way to introduce a footnote

